1 AN ACT relating to unemployment insurance.

## 2 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- 3 → Section 1. KRS 341.243 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 (1) There is created within the State Treasury a special fund known as the service
- 5 capacity upgrade fund that shall be administered separate and apart from all public
- 6 money or funds of the state.
- 7 (2) The service capacity upgrade fund shall be used solely for acquisition and
- 8 upgrading of the technology base, program integrity functions, and service delivery
- 9 capacity in support of the programs administered by the Office of Employment and
- Training. The secretary shall have full power, authority, and jurisdiction over the
- fund, including all money, property, and securities belonging thereto, and shall
- perform any act necessary or convenient in the administration of the fund consistent
- with this section. The secretary shall provide an annual report to the Interim Joint
- 14 Committee on Labor and Industry detailing all receipts and expenditures of the
- fund.
- 16 (3) Any money collected under the provisions of this section shall be invested at
- interest in banks or other interest-bearing obligations of the United States.
- Investments shall at all times be made so that all the assets of the service capacity
- 19 upgrade fund shall be convertible into cash when needed for the payment of
- 20 expenses incurred in upgrading the service capacity of the Office of Employment
- and Training. All interest income received under this section shall be credited to the
- fund. The State Treasurer shall dispose of securities or other property belonging to
- 23 the fund only under the direction of the secretary and the secretary of the Finance
- and Administration Cabinet.
- 25 (4) <u>Beginning October 1, 2018</u>[Effective January 1, 1999], all rates otherwise
- established under KRS 341.270 and 341.272 shall be *adjusted*[reduced] by
- subtracting seventy-five thousandths percent (0.075%) from each rate, but only if

1		the <u>unemployment insurance</u> trust fund balance <u>exceeds the balance of the trust</u>
2		<u>fund</u> as of December 31, 2017[ of the preceding year is equal to or greater than one
3		and eighteen hundredths percent (1.18%) of the total wages paid in the state during
4		the state fiscal year ended as of June 30 of that year.
5	<del>(a)</del>	If the trust fund balance as of December 31, 1999, is less than the trust fund balance
6		as of December 31, 1998, the amount of the rate reduction for calendar year 2000
7		shall be reduced by forty percent (40%) to the level of forty-five thousandths
8		percent (0.045%).
9	<del>(b)</del>	If the trust fund balance as of December 31, 2000, is less than the trust fund balance
10		as of December 31, 1999, the amount of the rate reduction for calendar year 2001
11		shall be forty percent (40%) less than the amount of the rate reduction which was in
12		effect in calendar year 2000].
13	(5)	For any calendar year in which all rates have been reduced in accordance with
14		subsection (4) of this section, all contributory employers shall pay into the service
15		capacity upgrade fund an amount equal to the percentage by which rates were
16		reduced multiplied by their taxable wages paid during that calendar year. Payments
17		shall be made at the same time and in the same manner as prescribed for payment of
18		contributions under KRS 341.260 and all regulations prescribed by the secretary in
19		support of that section. The restrictions in KRS 341.470(1) apply equally to the
20		provisions of this section. Failure to make these payments shall be subject to
21		interest and all other collection actions provided for failure to make contributions
22		under KRS 341.300.
23	(6)	All payments required under subsection (5) of this section, along with any interest
24		due to late payment of these assessments, shall be deposited in the service capacity
25		upgrade fund.
26	(7)	Notwithstanding subsection (4) of this section, the secretary may exercise his or
27		her discretion to reduce the percentage rate prescribed in subsection (4) of this

section or suspend required payments to the service capacity upgrade fund at any

1

25

26

27

fund.

2		<u>time.</u>
3	<u>(8)</u>	The secretary shall suspend the reduction of the rate prescribed in subsection (4)
4		of this section at any time when collections for the service capacity upgrade fund
5		exceed a cumulative amount of sixty million dollars (\$60,000,000). At the time
6		payments are suspended, any funds thus far collected under subsection (4) of this
7		section in excess of those necessary to fund technology upgrades, shall be
8		deposited into the unemployment insurance trust fund. Any future collection of
9		past due payments to the service capacity upgrade fund, including any applicable
10		penalty and interest funds, shall be deposited into the penalty and interest fund
11		The provisions of this section shall expire with regard to rates assigned for calendar
12		years beginning after December 31, 2001, and any balance of moneys or property in
13		the fund not expended or obligated for purposes consistent with this section by June
14		30, 2002, shall be deposited in the unemployment insurance trust fund].
15		→ Section 2. KRS 341.300 is amended to read as follows:
16	(1)	Contributions unpaid on the date on which they are due and payable, as prescribed
17		by the secretary, shall be subject to interest at the rate of one and five-tenths percent
18		(1.5%) per month or fraction thereof, not to exceed ninety percent (90%) of the
19		amount of such contributions, from and after such date until payment is received by
20		the Office of Employment and Training, Department of Workforce Investment,
21		irrespective of whether such delinquency has been reduced to a judgment or not as
22		provided in subsection (2) of this section or is the subject of an administrative
23		appeal or court action. The interest charged for a month, in which the unpaid
24		contributions remain unpaid, shall be considered accrued and therefore due and

owing on the first day after the last day of the month in which the balance is due.

Such interest shall be paid into the unemployment compensation administration

(2) If, after due notice, any subject employer defaults in any payment of contributions, interest or penalties thereon, the amount due shall be collected by a civil action instituted in the Franklin Circuit Court or the Franklin District Court depending upon the jurisdictional amount in controversy including interest and penalties in the name of the state, and the subject employer adjudged in default shall pay the costs of the action. Civil actions brought under this section shall be heard by the court, without the intervention of a jury, at the earliest possible date, and shall be entitled to preference upon the calendar of the court over all other civil actions except petitions for judicial review under this chapter and cases arising under the workers' compensation law.

- (3) At or after the commencement of an action under subsection (2) of this section, attachment may be had against the property of the liable subject employer for such contributions, interest, and penalties, without the execution of a bond, or after judgment has been entered an execution may be issued against the property of such employer without the execution of a bond.
- (4) An action for the recovery of contributions, interest, or penalties under this section shall be barred and any lien therefor shall be canceled and extinguished unless collected or suit for collection has been filed within ten (10) years from the due date of such contributions, except, in the case of the filing of a false or fraudulent report, the contributions due shall not be barred and may at any time be collected by the methods set out in this chapter, including action in a court of competent jurisdiction.
- **→** Section 3. KRS 341.350 is amended to read as follows:
- An unemployed worker shall, except as provided in KRS 341.360 and 341.370, be eligible for benefits with respect to any week of unemployment only if:
- 25 (1) He *or she* has made a claim for benefits;

26 (2) For an initial claim made on or after January 1, 2012, he <u>or she</u> has served a waiting period of one (1) week, during which he *or she* has not received benefits. The

waiting week period shall be the first compensable week of an initial claim for
benefits for which he or she is eligible and qualified to receive benefits under this
chapter. A waiting week period shall be required for each benefit year, whether or
not consecutive. No more than one (1) waiting week period shall be required in any
benefit year. The waiting week shall become compensable once the remaining
balance on the claim is equal to or less than the compensable amount for the waiting
week;

- 8 (3) (a) He <u>or she</u> has registered for work with respect to such week in accordance
  9 with <u>administrative</u> regulations <u>promulgated</u>[ prescribed] by the secretary;
  10 and
  - (b) He <u>or she</u> participates in reemployment services, such as job search assistance services, if pursuant to a profiling system established by the secretary, he <u>or</u> she has been determined to be likely to exhaust regular benefits unless:
    - The claimant has completed the services to which he <u>or she</u> is referred;
       or
    - There is justifiable cause for the claimant's failure to participate in the services. For the purpose of this section, "justifiable cause" shall be interpreted to mean what a reasonable person would do in like circumstances;
- 20 (4) He *or she* is physically and mentally able to work;

- 21 (5) He <u>or she</u> is available for suitable work, and making such reasonable effort to obtain work as might be expected of a prudent person under like circumstances;
  - (6) His <u>or her</u> base-period wages in that calendar quarter of his <u>or her</u> base period in which such wages were highest are equal to at least <u>two thousand dollars</u>

    (\$2,000)[seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750)], and his <u>or her</u> total base-period wages are not less than one and one-half (1-1/2) times the base-period wages paid to him or her in such quarter and he or she was paid base-period wages in the last six (6)

	months of his <u>or her</u> base period equal to at least eight (8) times his <u>or her</u> weekly
	benefit rate with a minimum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000)[seven hundred fifty
	dollars (\$750)] earned outside the high quarter. Beginning on January 1, 2020,
	and continuing on January 1 in even-numbered years thereafter, the secretary
	shall adjust the minimum base-period wages at a rate that is directly proportional
	to the average percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban
	Consumers (CPI-U) for the two (2) previous calendar years;
(7)	An otherwise eligible worker shall not be denied benefits under subsection (5) of
	this section or because of his or her failure to actively seek work, nor disqualified
	under paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of KRS 341.370 with respect to any week he
	<u>or she</u> is in training with the approval of the secretary.
(8)	Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, no otherwise eligible worker
	shall be denied benefits for any week because he or she is in training approved
	under 19 U.S.C. sec. 2296 (Section 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974), nor shall
	such worker be denied benefits by reason of leaving work to enter such training
	provided such work is not suitable employment, or because of the application to any
	such week in training of provisions in this law (or any applicable federal
	unemployment compensation law) relating to availability for work, active search for
	work, or refusal to accept work. For purpose of this subsection, the term "suitable
	employment" shall mean employment of a substantially equal or higher skill level
	than the worker's past adversely affected employment as defined in 19 U.S.C. sec.
	2319 (Trade Act of 1974), and wages for such work are not less than eighty percent
	(80%) of the workers' average weekly wage as determined for purposes of the Trade
	Act of 1974.
(9)	The foregoing eligibility requirements and the conditions of benefit
	disqualifications imposed by KRS 341.370 shall be strictly construed. Nothing in
	this section, excepting subsection (6) of this section, nor in KRS 341.360 or

- 1 341.370 shall affect the establishment of a "benefit year."
- 2 Section 4. KRS 341.360 is amended to read as follows:

- 3 (1) No worker may be paid benefits for any week of unemployment:
  - (a) With respect to which a strike or other bona fide labor dispute which caused him to leave or lose his employment is in active progress in the establishment in which he is or was employed, except that benefits may be paid unless the employer notifies the Office of Employment and Training, Department of Workforce Investment, in writing within seven (7) days after the beginning of such alleged strike or labor dispute of the alleged existence of such strike or labor dispute. For the purpose of this subsection, a lockout shall not be deemed to be a strike or a bona fide labor dispute and no worker shall be denied benefits by reason of a lockout;
    - (b) For which he has received or is seeking unemployment compensation under an unemployment compensation law of another state or of the United States, except as otherwise provided by an arrangement between this state and such other state or the United States; but if the appropriate agency of such state or of the United States finally determines that he is not entitled to such unemployment compensation, this subsection shall not apply; {or}
    - (c) 1. Which, when based on service in an instructional, research, or principal administrative capacity in an institution of higher education as defined in KRS 341.067(2) or in an educational institution as defined in KRS 341.067(4), begins during the period between two (2) successive academic years, or during a similar period between two (2) regular terms, whether or not successive, or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided for in the individual's contract, if the worker performs such services in the first of such academic years or terms and if there is a contract or a reasonable assurance that the worker will perform such

services in any such capacity for any institution or institutions of higher education or an educational institution in the second of such academic years or such terms; or

- 2. Which, when based on service other than as defined in subparagraph 1. of this paragraph, in an institution of higher education or an educational institution, as defined in KRS 341.067(2) or (4), begins during the period between two (2) successive academic years or terms, if the worker performs such services in the first of such academic years or terms and there is a reasonable assurance that the worker will perform such services in the second of such academic years or terms; except that if benefits are denied to any worker under this paragraph and such worker was not offered an opportunity to perform such services for such institution of higher education or such educational institution for the second of such academic years or terms, such worker shall be entitled to a retroactive payment of benefits for each week for which the worker filed a timely claim for benefits and for which benefits were denied solely by reason of this paragraph; or
- 3. Which, when based on service in any capacity defined in subparagraphs

   and 2. of this paragraph, begins during an established and customary vacation period or holiday recess if the worker performs any such services in the period immediately before such vacation period or holiday recess, and there is a reasonable assurance that such worker will perform any such services in the period immediately following such vacation period or holiday recess; or
- 4. Based on service in any capacity defined in subparagraph 1. or 2. of this paragraph when such service is performed by the worker in an institution of higher education or an educational institution, as defined in KRS

(2)

341.067(2) or (4), while the worker is in the employ of an educational
service agency, and such unemployment begins during the periods and
pursuant to the conditions specified in subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3. of
this paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "educational
service agency" means a governmental agency or governmental entity
which is established and operated exclusively for the purpose of
providing such services to one (1) or more institutions of higher
education or educational institutions;

Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph, [except that] any benefits paid to a worker based on service other than as defined in <u>subparagraph</u> [subsection (1)(e)]1. of this <u>paragraph</u>[section] performed in an institution of higher education as defined in KRS 341.067(2) shall be deemed to have been paid as a result of Office of Employment and Training, Department of Workforce Investment, error and not recoverable by the cabinet or such institution if such payment is improper by virtue of the retroactive application to October 30, 1983, of <u>subparagraph</u> [subsection (1)(e)]2. of this <u>paragraph</u>[section]; or

## (d) With respect to which the worker is suspended from work for misconduct, as defined in KRS 341.370(6), connected with the work.

- Benefits shall not be paid to any individual on the basis of any services, substantially all of which consist of participating in sports or athletic events or training or preparing to so participate, for any week which commences during the period between two (2) successive sport seasons or similar periods and there is a reasonable assurance that such individual will perform such services in the later of such seasons or similar periods.
- (3) (a) Benefits shall not be paid on the basis of services performed by an alien unless such alien is an individual who was lawfully admitted for permanent residence at the time such services were performed, was lawfully present for purposes of

performing such services, or was residing in the United States under color of law at the time such services were performed, including an alien who was lawfully present in the United States as a result of the application of the provisions of Section 203(a)(7) or Section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

- (b) Any data or information required of individuals applying for benefits to determine whether benefits are not payable to them because of their alien status shall be uniformly required from all applicants for benefits.
- (c) In the case of an individual whose application for benefits would otherwise be approved, no determination that benefits to such individual are not payable because of his alien status shall be made except upon a preponderance of the evidence.
- 13 [(4) With respect to which the worker is suspended from work for misconduct, as
  14 defined in KRS 341.370(6), connected with the work.]
- Section 5. KRS 341.380 is amended to read as follows:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

- 16 (1) All benefits shall be paid through employment offices, or such other agencies as
  17 may be designated by regulations of the secretary. Claims for all payments of
  18 benefits shall be made in accordance with regulations of the secretary.
- 19 (2) The weekly benefit rate payable to an eligible worker for weeks of unemployment 20 shall, except as provided in KRS 341.390, be an amount equal to one and three 21 thousand seventy-eight ten-thousandths percent (1.3078%) of his total base-period 22 wages, except that no worker's weekly benefit amount shall be less than thirty-nine 23 dollars (\$39), nor more than the maximum rate as determined in accordance with 24 subsection (3) of this section. For claims effective on or after January 1, 2012, The 25 weekly benefit rate shall, except as provided in KRS 341.390, be one and one 26 thousand nine hundred twenty-three ten-thousandths percent (1.1923%) of his or 27 her total base-period wages, except that no worker's weekly benefit amount shall be

less than thirty-nine dollars (\$39) nor more than the maximum rate as determined in accordance with subsection (3) of this section.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

Prior to the first day of July of each year the secretary shall determine the average weekly wage for insured employment by dividing the average monthly employment, as obtained by dividing the total monthly employment reported by subject employers for the preceding calendar year by twelve (12), into the total wages reported by such employers for such calendar year and dividing by fifty-two (52). Fifty-five percent (55%) of the amount thus obtained, adjusted to the nearest multiple of one dollar (\$1), shall constitute the maximum weekly benefit rate for those workers whose benefit year commences on or after the first day of July of such year and prior to the first day of July of the next following year; if beginning in calendar year 1999, or any subsequent year in which] the increase in the weekly benefit rate calculation set forth in subsection (2) of this section should take effect, sixty-two percent (62%) of the average weekly wage, adjusted to the nearest multiple of one dollar (\$1), shall constitute the maximum weekly benefit rate for those workers whose benefit year commences on or after the first day of July of that year and prior to the first day of July of the next following year; except that for the benefit years beginning on or after July 1, 1982, if the "trust fund balance" as of September 30 immediately preceding the benefit year is less than one hundred twenty million dollars (\$120,000,000), the maximum weekly benefit rate shall not exceed the prior year's maximum weekly benefit rate. If such "trust fund balance" as of September 30 immediately preceding the benefit year:

(a) Equals or exceeds one hundred twenty million dollars (\$120,000,000), but is less than two hundred million dollars (\$200,000,000), the maximum weekly benefit rate shall not exceed the prior year's maximum weekly benefit rate by more than six percent (6%). The rate thus determined shall be adjusted to the nearest multiple of one dollar (\$1);

(b)	Equals or exceeds two hundred million dollars (\$200,000,000), but is less than
	three hundred million dollars (\$300,000,000), the maximum weekly benefit
	rate shall not exceed the prior year's maximum weekly benefit rate by more
	than eight percent (8%). The rate thus determined shall be adjusted to the
	nearest multiple of one dollar (\$1);

- (c) Equals or exceeds three hundred million dollars (\$300,000,000), but is less than four hundred million dollars (\$400,000,000), the maximum weekly benefit rate shall not exceed the prior year's maximum weekly benefit rate by more than ten percent (10%). The rate thus determined shall be adjusted to the nearest multiple of one dollar (\$1);
- (d) Equals or exceeds four hundred million dollars (\$400,000,000), but is less than five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), the maximum weekly benefit rate shall not exceed the prior year's maximum weekly benefit rate by more than twelve percent (12%). The rate thus determined shall be adjusted to the nearest multiple of one dollar (\$1);
- (e) Equals or exceeds five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000), the maximum weekly benefit rate shall not exceed the prior year's maximum weekly benefit rate by more than fifteen percent (15%). The rate thus determined shall be adjusted to the nearest multiple of one dollar (\$1); and
- (f) Is such that it resulted in the establishment of an employer contribution rate schedule, as provided for in KRS 341.270, for the current calendar year which has a higher minimum rate than the schedule in effect for the immediately preceding calendar year, the maximum weekly benefit rate shall not exceed the prior year's maximum weekly benefit rate.
- (4) Prior to the first day of July of each year, the secretary shall determine the average of the maximum weekly benefit amounts currently being paid by Kentucky's seven (7) bordering states and the maximum weekly benefit rate set in

1		subsection (3) of this section shall not exceed the average of the maximum weekly
2		benefit amount for those states. This subsection notwithstanding, the maximum
3		weekly benefit shall not change until the average maximum weekly benefit
4		amount of Kentucky's seven (7) bordering states equals or exceeds Kentucky's
5		maximum weekly benefit amount.
6	<u>(5)</u>	For claims filed after January 1, 2019, the maximum amount of benefits payable
7		to any worker within any benefit year shall be as follows:
8		(a) Fourteen (14) times the weekly benefit amount if Kentucky's unemployment
9		rate is five and four-tenths percent (5.4%) or below;
10		(b) Fifteen (15) times the weekly benefit amount if Kentucky's unemployment
11		rate is between five and five-tenths percent (5.5%) and five and nine-tenths
12		percent (5.9%);
13		(c) Sixteen (16) times the weekly benefit amount if Kentucky's unemployment
14		rate is between six percent (6%) and six and four-tenths percent (6.4%);
15		(d) Seventeen (17) times the weekly benefit amount if Kentucky's
16		unemployment rate is between six and five-tenths percent (6.5%) and six
17		and nine-tenths percent (6.9%);
18		(e) Eighteen (18) times the weekly benefit amount if Kentucky's unemployment
19		rate is between seven percent (7%) and seven and four-tenths percent
20		<u>(7.4%);</u>
21		(f) Nineteen (19) times the weekly benefit amount if Kentucky's unemployment
22		rate is between seven and five-tenths percent (7.5%) and seven and nine-
23		tenths percent (7.9%);
24		(g) Twenty (20) times the weekly benefit amount if Kentucky's unemployment
25		rate is between eight percent (8%) and eight and four-tenths percent (8.4%);
26		(h) Twenty-two (22) times the weekly benefit amount if Kentucky's
27		unemployment rate is between eight and five-tenths percent (8.5%) and

1		eight and nine-tenths-percent (8.9%);
2		(i) Twenty-four (24) times the weekly benefit amount if Kentucky's
3		unemployment rate is between nine percent (9%) and nine and four-tenths
4		<u>percent (9.4%); or</u>
5		(j) Twenty-six (26) times the weekly benefit amount if Kentucky's
6		unemployment rate is nine and five-tenths percent (9.5%) or higher.
7		The unemployment rate to be applied in this subsection shall be the average of
8		the adjusted statewide unemployment rate as of April 1 through April 30 and
9		October 1 through October 31. The average of the adjusted statewide
10		unemployment rate for the time period of April 1 through April 30 shall be
11		effective on July 1 through December 31 of each year. The average of the
12		adjusted statewide unemployment rate for the period of October 1 through
13		October 31 shall be effective on January 1 through June 30 of each year. This
14		subsection notwithstanding, if the unemployment rate increases by more than two
15		percent (2%) in one (1) month, the secretary may adjust the weekly benefit
16		amount to the corresponding amount prior to the set time period[the amount
17		equal to whichever is the lesser of:
18		(a) Twenty-six (26) times his weekly benefit rate; or
19		(b) One-third (1/3) of his base-period wages, except that no worker's maximum
20		amount shall be less than fifteen (15) times his weekly benefit rate. Such
21		maximum amount, if not a multiple of one dollar (\$1), shall be adjusted to the
22		nearest multiple of one dollar (\$1)].
23		→ Section 6. KRS 341.540 is amended to read as follows:
24	(1)	As used in this section, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
25		(a) "Substantially common" or "substantially the same" means that there is
26		identifiable or demonstrative commonality or similarity of ownership,
27		familial relationships, principals or corporate officers, day-to-day

1			operations, assets and liabilities, and stated business [one (1) or more
2			individual or individuals own or exercise pervasive management or control
3			over both the predecessor and successor employing unit. Factors indicating
4			pervasive management or control include, but are not limited to, whether the
5			predecessor and successor share:
6			1. One (1) or more individuals or family members as owners, on boards of
7			directors, as shareholders, or executive or other officers; and
8			2. Titles to property, parent companies, workforce, assets, legal and
9			professional representation, physical location, client pools, marketing
10			services, Web sites, telephone numbers, or e-mail addresses];
11		(b)	"Trade" or "business" includes <u>but is not limited to a commercial enterprise</u>
12			or establishment; any entity engaged in the supplying, production, or
13			manufacturing of goods, commodities, or services; any entity engaged in
14			commerce, sale for profit, or the providing of goods, personnel, or services
15			[the employing unit's workforce];
16		(c)	"Knowingly" means having actual knowledge of, or acting with deliberate
17			ignorance or disregard for, the prohibition involved; [and]
18		(d)	"Violates" or "attempts to violate" includes, but is not limited to, intended
19			evasion, misrepresentation, or willful nondisclosure; and
20		<u>(e)</u>	"Person" has the same meaning as in Section 7701(a)(1) of the Internal
21			Revenue Code.
22	(2)	(a)	For the purpose of this chapter, if a subject employer transfers all or part of its
23			trade or business, the acquiring employing unit shall be deemed a successor if
24			the transfer is in accordance with administrative regulations promulgated by
25			the secretary, or if there is substantially common ownership, management,
26			or control of the subject employer and employing unit [ the transferring and
27			acquiring employing units have substantially the same pervasive management,

ownership, or control]. If an employing unit is deemed a successor, the transferring employing unit shall be deemed a predecessor.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

For the purpose of this chapter, if a nonsubject employer acquires all or part of the trade or business of a subject employer, the nonsubject employer shall file an application with the Office of Employment and Training, Department of Workforce Investment to establish an unemployment reserve account within forty-five (45) days of employing personnel. The application will be considered and processed in accordance with administrative regulations promulgated by the secretary and shall require information necessary to determine whether the nonsubject employer is a successor of the subject employer and to establish an initial unemployment contribution rate for the employer. Factors to be considered in the determination of successorship and the fixing of the initial rate shall include but not be limited to the *nonsubject* employer's prior unemployment claims history, benefit charges, historical rate charges, and payment penalties assessed in the previous five (5) years, in addition to the factors set forth in subsection (6)(b) of this section. After consideration of these factors, and others that the applicant may submit in justification of an initial rate determination, the secretary shall set an appropriate contribution rate. Any determinations of initial unemployment contribution rates made pursuant to this subsection shall not be effective prior to January 1, 2018.

(3) (a) Notwithstanding subsection (2)(b) of this section, Any successor to the trade or business of a subject employer shall assume the resources and liabilities of the predecessor's reserve account, including interest, and shall continue the payment of all contributions and interest due under this chapter, except that the successor shall not be required to assume the liability of any delinquent contributions and interest of a predecessor or predecessors unless the cabinet

notifies the successor of the delinquency within six (6) months after the department has notice of the succession; and

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

27

- (b) Any nonsubject employer that is deemed a successor in whole or part <del>[upon submission of the application referred to in subsection (2)(b) of this section [shall be allowed to make a one (1) time voluntary payment to pay off or reduce the negative reserve assumed from the predecessor. This payment shall be made within sixty (60) days of receipt of the first notice of a negative predecessor reserve account. This one (1) time voluntary payment cannot exceed the amount of negative reserve assumed by the successor.</del>
- (4) The liability for delinquent contributions and interest imposed upon the successor by subsection (3) of this section shall be secondary to the liability of the predecessor or predecessors, and if the delinquency has been reduced to judgment, the order of execution on the judgment shall be as follows:
  - (a) Against the assets, both real and personal, of the predecessor or predecessors;
  - (b) Against the assets, both real and personal, of the business acquired; and
  - (c) Against the assets, both real and personal, of the successor or acquirer.
- 17 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3) of this section, any successor (5) (a) to a portion of the trade or business of a subject employer, who is, or by 18 19 reason of the transfer becomes, a subject employer, shall assume the resources 20 and liabilities of the predecessor's reserve account in proportion to the 21 percentage of the payroll or employees assignable to the transferred portion. In 22 calculating the transferred portion, the secretary shall utilize the last four (4) 23 calendar quarters preceding the date of transfer for workers employed by the 24 successor subsequent to that date. The taxable payroll, benefit charges and the 25 potential benefit charges shall be assumed by the successors in a like 26 proportion.
  - (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subsection, if any

employing unit succeeds to a portion of the trade or business of another employing unit; becomes, by reason of that succession, a subject employer with substantially the same ownership, management, or control as the predecessor employing unit; and lays off or terminates more than one-half (1/2) of the original employees transferred within six (6) months of the date of transfer; then the succession and creation of the new employing unit shall be voided, and the benefits attributable to the lay-offs or terminations shall be charged to the reserve account of the original employing unit.

- (a) The contribution rate of a successor in whole or in part, which was a subject employer prior to succession, shall not be affected by the transfer of the reserve account for the remainder of the rate year in which succession occurred; except that the rate of the successor shall be recalculated and made effective upon the first day of the calendar quarter immediately following the date of the transfer if there is substantially common ownership, management, or control of the predecessor and successor.
- (b) The contribution rate of a successor in whole or in part, which was not a subject employer prior to succession, shall be determined by a review of the application required by subsection (2)(b) of this section, except if the secretary finds, after a thorough investigation based on the use of objective factors, including but not limited to:
- 1. The cost of acquiring the business;

(6)

- 2. How long the original business enterprise was continued; and
- 3. Whether a substantial number of new employees were hired for performance of duties unrelated to the business activity prior to acquisition; that the succession was solely for the purpose of obtaining a rate lower than that prescribed in KRS 341.270(1) and 341.272 for a new employing unit,

BR010000.100 - 100 - XXXX Jacketed

then the unemployment experience of the predecessor shall not be transferred,

the rate for a new employing unit shall be assigned, and the employing unit shall be otherwise deemed a successor for the purpose of KRS 341.070(7) and subsection (3) of this section.

- (c) The contribution rate for a successor which becomes a subject employer through the simultaneous transfer, either in whole or in part, of two (2) or more predecessor reserve accounts shall be the rate determined in accordance with the provisions of KRS 341.270, by combining the reserve accounts succeeded to as of the computation date for determining rates for the calendar year in which succession occurred.
- (d) The contribution rate of a successor which succeeds, either in whole or in part, to a predecessor's reserve account after a computation date, but prior to the beginning of the calendar year immediately following that computation date, shall be the rate determined in accordance with KRS 341.270, by effecting the transfer of the reserve account as of the computation date immediately preceding the date of succession.
- (7) Notwithstanding KRS 341.270, the contribution rate for an employing unit that knowingly violates or attempts to violate the provisions of this section or any other provision of the chapter related to determining the assignment of a contribution rate shall be the highest rate assignable under this chapter for the calendar year during which the violation or attempted violation occurred and the three (3) calendar years immediately following that year. If that employer's rate is already at the highest assignable rate, or if the amount of increase in the employer's rate would be less than an additional two percent (2%) for that year, then a penalty rate of contributions of an additional two percent (2%) of taxable wages shall be imposed for each year.
- (8) In addition to the penalties prescribed in subsection (7) of this section and KRS 341.990(9), any person who knowingly violates this section shall be subject to the

1 penance supulated ander IXIO 5 11.550	1	penalties	stipulated	under	<b>KRS</b>	341.	.990
---	---	-----------	------------	-------	------------	------	------

- 2 (9) (a) The secretary shall establish procedures to identify the transfer of a business for purposes of this section.
- 4 (b) The secretary shall have the authority and discretion to set <u>an initial</u>[a]
  5 contribution rate upon the providing of justification by a subject employer and
  6 consideration of relevant factors, including but not limited to the factors set
  7 forth in subsections (2) and (6)(a) of this section.